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1075 | Heat Treating

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About 1075

A steel frequently used for larger blades and swords, but used just as regularly in everything from bowies to kitchen knives, 1075 is tough, durable, and hypo-eutectic, which means it is very forgiving during heat treatment across a wide range of quenching fluids employed by the knife community–a very convenient option when one does not have access to some heat treat equipment and materials that benefit hyper-eutectoid steels like 1095 or W2.

Our 1075 comes pickled, annealed, and slightly oversized for convenient forging although we also carry it in thicknesses some stock removal customers find more convenient. Aside from its durability and toughness along, it has become an excellent steel choice for mixing with 1045 or 15n20 for damascus production.

Our current batch has had some minor adjustments to the chemistry and resulted in knives differentially hardened that produce some very exquisite hamons that many had not thought possible with hypoeutectoid steel.

Whether you want to make a simple hunter or an elaborate full two-handed broadsword, we are sure you won't be disappointed with NJSB 1075.



Alloy Chemistry %



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Physical Properties	
0.278- 0.290	
2760°F (1515°C)	
190-210gPA	
361 BTU-in/hr-ft ² -°F	
Coefficients of Thermal Expansion	

	mm/mm/°C
723°C	14x10 ⁻⁶

Mechanical Properties

Tensile Strength	231 оb/МРа
Yield Strength	154 σ 0.2 ≥/MPa
Elongation	56 δ5≥(%)
HBS	235-268
HRC	30



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Normalization

• Normalization is a process intended to refine grain and stress relieve blades prior to hardening when needed.

• Turco, ATP-641, foil, or similar may be used to reduce surface decarburization and scaling.

• Time at temperature suggested for varying thicknesses. Once knife has cooled to black and magnetic, it can be cycled again--be careful handling hot blades.



Hardening

• ATP-641, Turco, or similar high temperature anti-scale/decarburization coatings can be used to reduce scale or surface decarburization.

• Data is representative of controlled heat treating equipment (e.g. oven, salts, etc.) temperatures and industrial standard quenchant.

• Suggested quench oil: Parks 50--expected as quenched hardness may be lower if a slower quench oil or non-industrial quench medium is used.

• Austenizing soak time varies 5 to 15 minutes based on heat treating equipment and cross section--soak times are reduced to minimum for people heat treating in a forge--forge heat treating without PID temperature control limits accurate means of maintaining temperature. If using calibrated, proper industrial equipment for heat treating, use the supplied extended soak times based on over all steel thickness.

• Do not put blades in oven when cold, insert at or just below austenizing temperature--temperature variances is for difference in stock thicknesses and a window of margin for error.

Austenizing Temperature	Expected RC (as quenched)	
1,450V-1,480°F / 788-804°C Soak 5-15 minutes	64-65RC	



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Tempering

• Once blade is quenched and near ambient temperature, blades should be tempered accordingly, the times suggested are to ensure even, consistent temperature.

• Figures supplied are as representative of industrial standards.

• If using a small toaster oven or household kitchen oven for tempering, using a blade holding rack made from kiln furniture, a roasting tray lined with fine sand, or similar large object will help retain thermal mass to reduce wide swinging temperatures as the device fluctuates trying to maintain temperature.

• Note: Final hardness values vary based on initial as-quenched hardness and percentage of conversion to Martensite. Only reliable testing methods, e.g. calibrated Rockwell hardness tester, can provide actual hardness values--hardness calibrated files and chisels are relative testing methods and inaccurate for true hardness value reading.

• Temper twice for 2hrs.

Temperature:	Hardness (2 hour x2 guideline):
300°F / 149°C	65
350°F / 177°C	63-64
400°F / 204°C	60-61
450°F / 232°C	57-58
500°F / 260°C	55-56
550°F / 288°C	53-54
600°F / 316°C	52-53
650°F / 343°C	50

• The included Heat Treat Schedule on this page is formulated based upon Industry standards and data from ASM International, Crucible and other foundry spec sheets, and Kevin Cashen (independent researcher, ferroalloy metallurgist, and bladesmith of Matherton Forge).





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Heat Treating Disclaimer

• Suggested heat treatment are based on the recommended specifications for use in ovens, high temp salts, and similarly, properly calibrated equipment; and in line with proper industrial standards for quenching. Deviation from industry standards for schedules, equipment, quenching mediums; and hardness testing equipment may result in varied results. The supplied information on this page is on a generalized scale with the above mentioned standards and methods, which is why soak times and similar aspects may vary in time length to include a margin for the available heat treating equipment and steel cross section.

• If you are unsure if you have the necessary means to heat treat on-site, we recommend professional heat treating services provided by Peters Heat Treat or Bos Heat treating; or industry specific services by knife material dealers such as TruGrit or Texas Knifemaker's Supply--check with suppliers to see if they offer HT services and ensure they follow industry standards.

• NJSB LLC is not liable or responsible if proper industry heat treating protocols are not applied; particularly and especially if sending to an independent heat treat provider if they do not follow the intended heat treat schedule or standards for that particular steel; or damage they cause while in their possession.

